Biology



The Study of Life

So what exactly is life?

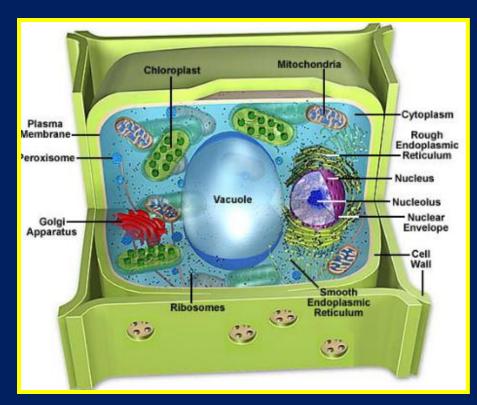


What characteristics do all living things share?

Living things are composed of cells

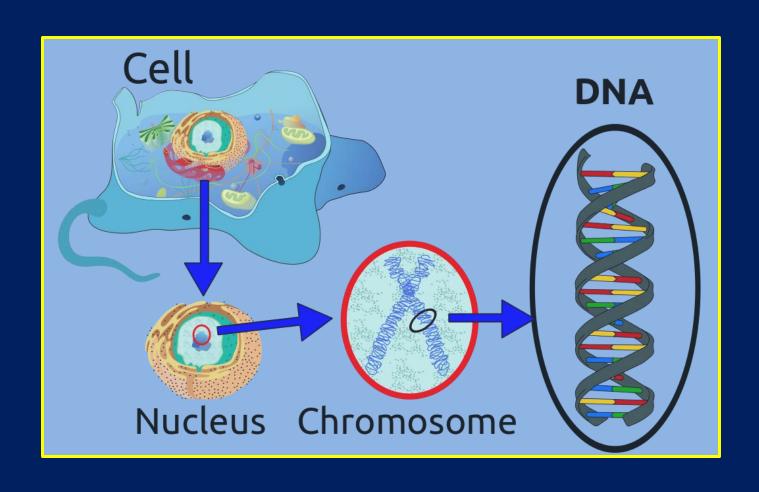






Cells are the basic unit of all life

Living things are based on a universal genetic code



Living things grow and develop



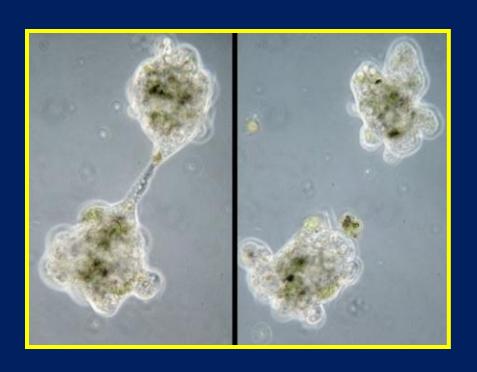
Cells differentiate, taking on different functions (development)

Living things respond to their environment



A stimulus or stimuli is anything that brings about a response

Living things reproduce



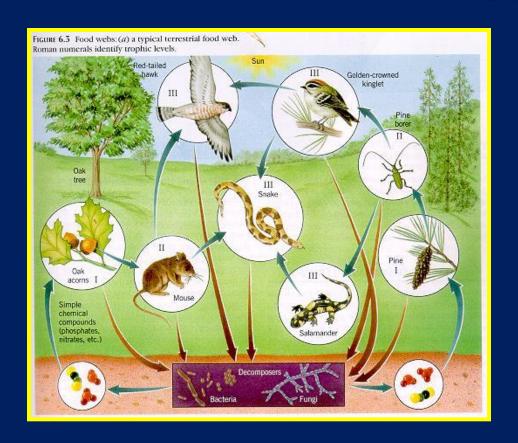
Asexual Reproduction
One Parent



Sexual Reproduction Two Parents

Not essential to the organism, only to the species

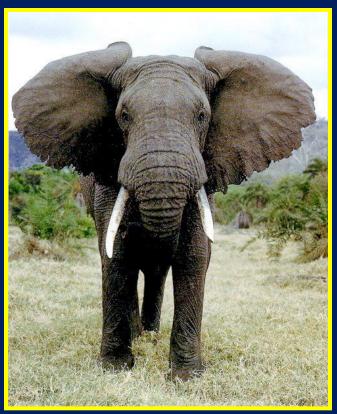
Living things obtain and use material and energy



Metabolism

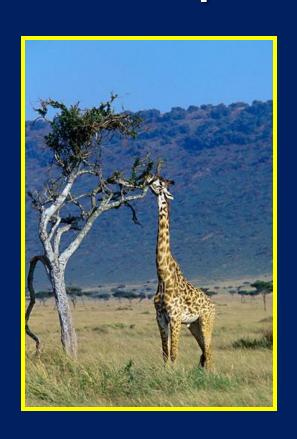
Living things maintain a stable internal environment





Homeostasis

Taken as a group, living things are capable of developing adaptations and evolving



Populations change, over time, not the individual

Adaptation

Any individual that exhibits all the characteristics of life is called an organism

