Notes for Natural Climate Change

- Global climate due to Earth's position in relation to the Sun (habitual zone) and the Greenhouse effect.
- <u>Greenhouse Effect</u> Light waves from the Sun enter Earth's atmosphere and change to infrared waves that get trapped by greenhouse gases, warming the planet. (carbon dioxide, water vapor, and methane)
- Ice ages in the past due to plate tectonics and shifting ocean currents.
- <u>Current Natural Climate Change</u> El Nino and La Nino
- <u>Normal Conditions</u> Trade winds blow warm surface currents westward, across the Pacific Ocean, from South America towards Australia.
 - The warm surface water results in lots of rain on the east coast of Australia.
 - As the warm surface water is pushed away from western coast of South America, cool, nutrient rich water rises to the surface upwelling.

- <u>El Nino (Little Boy) Warm Phase</u>
 - Trade winds weaken resulting in less rain in Australia which leads to drought and wildfires.
 - Upwelling stops on the west coast of South America and flooding and storms occur all along the west coast of North America.
 - Stops the hurricanes in the Atlantic Ocean.
- La Nina (Little Girl) Cool Phase
 - Trades winds grow stronger than normal resulting in lots of rain and flooding in Australia.
 - Lower western side of North America (California, New Mexico, Arizona) experience drought and wildfires.
 - Southeast coast of North America experiences warmer weather and more hurricanes.